Behold Your Messiah

Week 3: Rabbi and Disciple

	Rabbi in the	: 1 st Century	
The term ra	abbi meant or	and was a term of respect	for
those who	taught Torah.		
Two types	of Rabbis:		
1. Tor	ah Teacher:		
	Must have the entire	memorized	
		teachings regar	ding
	Torah and Mishnah		
2. Rab	bbi with S'mikhah		
	Must have the entire	memorized	
	• S'mikhah was required in order to	give new interpretations (idiomatically	
	referred to as " of Toral	n" or " of the Kingdom of Heave	n.")
	Matthew	11:28-30	
"Come to	o me, all who labor and are heavy lade	en, and I will give you rest. Take my yoke up	on
you, and le	earn from me, for I am gentle and low	yly in heart, and you will find rest for your so	ouls.
	For my yoke is easy, a	าd my burden is light."	
	• A Rabbi's Yoke was considered th	eir way of "	_"; a
	Hebrew idiom regarding the corre	ect teaching and living out Torah. In contra	st, to
		meant to teach and live Torah false	ly.
No rabbi si	nce Moses received his authority dire	ctly from, except Jesus the Messiah	١.
	Luke	9:35	
	"This is my Son, my Cho	sen One; listen to him!"	
	Talmid in the	e 1 st Century	
Jewish Edu	cation:		
1. Bet	Sefer: "House of the Book;" ages 4/5	-10/12 for both boys and girls to learn read	ing
and	l writing from a Torah Teacher		
	• Upon graduation, students were	expected to have the	
	memorized		
	Midrash: "House of Learning;" ages 1		
		,, and	_
	• Emphasis on memorization of the	<u>!</u>	

3. Bet Talmud: top of all stu	dents; ages 18-30	
Required	to a Rabbi with	n S'mikhah
Students were called		
To be chosen as a <i>talmid</i> mea	ant the Rabbi said, "You ha	eve the potential to
	Matthew 4:18-20	
While walking by the Sea of Galilee,	he saw two brothers, Simo	n (who is called Peter) and
Andrew his brother, casting a net into	the sea, for they were fishe	ermen. And he said to them,
"Follow me, and I will make you fisher.	s of men." Immediately the	y left their nets and followed
	him.	
His disciples didn't	him. Jesus	his disciples.
Challenge:		

Are you a talmid? Read one gospel as

2. Read one gospel a week, choosing a different gospel each week for the remainder of the study.

Hebrew Terms:

Mishnah: the compilation of traditional Jewish teaching thought to have been give to Moses by God on Mt. Sinai alongside the written Torah

S'mikhah: process of transference by the laying of hands upon another. Used in both sacrificial rites for transfer of sin onto sacrificial animal and in transfer of authority

Talmid: (s) disciple; talmidim is the plural "disciples"

Tanakh: a Hebrew acrostic *TNK* which encompasses all Hebrew Scripture (Christian Old Testament)

- Torah: first five books of Hebrew Moses which tradition says was written by Moses
- Nevi'im: the prophetic writings
- **K**etuvim: the wisdom and historical books